

**ΓΡΑΠΤΕΣ ΑΝΑΚΕΦΑΛΑΙΩΤΙΚΕΣ ΠΡΟΑΓΩΓΙΚΕΣ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΕΙΣ
ΠΕΡΙΟΔΟΥ ΜΑΙΟΥ - ΙΟΥΝΙΟΥ 2008**

ΣΤΟ ΜΑΘΗΜΑ ΤΩΝ ΑΓΓΛΙΚΩΝ

ΤΑΞΗ Α

ΟΝΟΜΑΤΕΠΩΝΥΜΟ

ΑΡ. ΚΑΤΑΛΟΓΟΥ

ΕΙΣΗΓΗΤΡΙΕΣ

ΕΠΙΤΗΡΗΤΕΣ

ΗΜΕΡΟΜΗΝΙΑ

TEXT

A. Read the text and answer the following questions. (2,5 points each)

THAILAND

Location & History

Thailand is in South-East Asia, and has a hot and humid climate. The Thai people came from China about 1.000 years ago. They call their country “Muang Thai”, which means “The Land of the Free”.

The capital

The capital is Bangkok. It is the only big city in Thailand, and has got a population of about six million. The Thai name for Bangkok is Krung Thep, which means “City of Angels”. There are lots of canals in Bangkok, but not many roads, so there are lots of traffic jams. People set up floating markets on the canals. They use their boats instead of stalls to sell fruit and vegetables from.

What They Grow

They grow lots of rice, which Thais eat with most of their meals. They also grow other crops, like sugar cane, coconuts, pineapples, bananas and cotton.

1. What’s the climate in Thailand like?

.....

2. Where did the Thais come from?

.....

3. Which is the only big city in Thailand?

.....

4. Why are there a lot of traffic jams in Bangkok?

.....

GRAMMAR AND SYNTAX

a. Circle the correct answer as in the example.(2.5 points)

1. Bananas and rice are two of the **cloths/ crops** they grow in Thailand.

2. The **population/ location** of my country is ten million.
3. Helen has just bought a lovely **woollen/ wooden** coat.
4. They grow sugar **jam/ cane** in Australia.
5. He sells fruit from a **bamboo/ stall** in the market.
6. My new neighbours are from Portugal, but they have **settled/ taken place** in this country.

b. Use the following words to complete the sentences below as in the example.

over, other, free, let, join, just. (2.5 points)

1. Why don't you join our sports club?
2. France islike any other place.
3. OK. I'll be right
4. The tickets are We don't have to pay for them.
5. They aren't like places.
6. Don't tell me. me guess.

c. Use the following words and phrases to complete the sentences below as in the example. Four days ago, ever, how long, for four days, since, how long ago.(2.5 points)

1. I haven't seen Tom for four days.
2. I spoke to Angela
3. Have you broken any plates yesterday?
4. Have you eaten in a Hungarian restaurant?
5.have you known Gina?
6.were you in Thailand?

d. Put the verbs in the right tense (Past Simple or Present Perfect) as in the example. (2.5 points)

1. How long have you been (you/ be) in this country. Do you like it?
2. Brian (never/ steal) money from a bank!
3. I (see) this play last month.
4. (you/ ever/ be) to Japan?
5. I (not/ find) my book yet.
6. Sheila (not/ take) your book yesterday.